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Image not available forColor: To view this video download Flash Player Jump to ratings and reviews2018 Reprint of 1910 Harvard Classics Edition. The Ninety-five Theses or Disputation on the Power of Indulgences by Martin Luther is a list of propositions for an academic disputation written in 1517. It is considered a foundation document for Protestantism and the beginning of the Reformation in Europe. Luther was professor of moral theology at the University of Wittenberg, Germany, and with the publication of this document he precipitated a schism in the Catholic Church which profoundly changed Europe. The Theses advanced Luther's positions against what he saw as the abuse of the practice of clergy selling plenary indulgences, which were certificates believed to reduce the temporal punishment in purgatory for sins committed by the purchasers or their loved ones. In the Theses, Luther claimed that the repentance required by Christ for sins to be forgiven involves inner spiritual repentance rather than merely external sacramental confession. He argued that indulgences led Christians to avoid true repentance and sorrow for sin, believing that they could forgo it by purchasing an indulgence. Indulgences also, according to Luther, discouraged Christians from giving to the poor and performing other acts of mercy, believing that indulgence certificates were more spiritually valuable. Though Luther claimed that his positions on indulgences accorded with those of the Pope, the Theses challenge a 14th-century papal bull stating that the pope could use the treasury of merit and the good deeds of past saints to forgive temporal punishment for sins. 107 people are currently readingMartin Luther (1483-1546) was a German monk, theologian, university professor and church reformer whose ideas inspired the Protestant Reformation and changed the course of Western civilization.Luther's doctrine of religious authority and that all baptized Christians under Jesus are a spiritual priesthood. According to Luther, salvation was a free gift of God, received only by true repentance and faith in Jesus as the Messiah, a faith given by God and unmediated by the church.Luther's confrontation with Charles V at the Diet of Worms over freedom of conscience in 1521 and his refusal to submit to the authority of the Emperor resulted in his being declared an outlaw of the state as he had been excommunicated from the Roman Catholic Church. Because of the perceived unity of the medieval Church with the secular rulers of western Europe, the widespread acceptance of Luther's doctrines and popular vindication of his thinking on individual liberties were both phenomenal and unprecedented.His translation of the Bible into the vernacular, making it more accessible to ordinary people, had a tremendous political impact on the church and on German culture. It furthered the development of a standard version of the German language, added several principles to the art of translation, and influenced the development of congregational singing within Christianity. His marriage to Katharina von Bora set a model for the practice of clerical marriage within Protestantism.Much scholarly debate has concentrated on Luther's writings about the Jews. His statements that Jews' homes should be destroyed, their synagogues burned, money confiscated and liberty curtailed were revived and used in propaganda by the Nazis in 1933–45. As a result of this and his revolutionary theological views, his legacy remains controversial.Displaying 1 - 30 of 211 reviewsJune 30, 2017famda تب آمرزش نامه ها، وجدان افراد را تصفیه می کند۲۳ - به مسیحیان باید آموخت که کسی که به سوئیان کمک می کند یا به افراد ایلزمیشترپوشیدهوقوی‌ترمی‌شودکه‌دهه‌شکل‌طرل‌گلهاوقابل‌گذاشتن‌کاری‌کردن‌که‌در‌مورد‌مسائل‌کردن‌و‌عقیده‌هایی‌که‌دارند‌کاری‌کردن‌که‌در‌مورد‌مسائل‌کردن‌و‌عقیده‌هایی‌که‌دارند۲۵ - به مسیحیان باید آموخت که کسی که به سوئیان کمک می کند یا به افراد ایلزمیشترپوشیدهوقوی‌ترمی‌شودکه‌دهه‌شکل‌طرل‌گلهاوقابل‌گذاشتن‌کاری‌کردن‌که‌در‌مورد‌مسائل‌کردن‌و‌عقیده‌هایی‌که‌دارند۲۶ - اگر آنکا در کاهش‌ها را به عنوان برگ‌ترین لطف‌ها می‌ستاید و یا